



TARGET 2.1



UNIVERSAL ACCESS TO SAFE AND NUTRITIOUS FOOD

TARGET 2.3



DOUBLE THE PRODUCTIVITY AND INCOMES OF SMALL-SCALE FOOD PRODUCERS

TARGET 2.2



END ALL FORMS OF MALNUTRITION

TARGET 2.4



SUSTAINABLE FOOD PRODUCTION AND RESILIENT AGRICULTURAL PRACTICES

2 ZERO HUNGER



TARGET 2.5



MAINTAIN THE GENETIC DIVERSITY IN FOOD PRODUCTION

TARGET 2.B



PREVENT AGRICULTURAL TRADE RESTRICTIONS, MARKET DISTORTIONS AND EXPORT SUBSIDIES

TARGET 2.A



INVEST IN RURAL INFRASTRUCTURE, AGRICULTURAL RESEARCH, TECHNOLOGY AND GENE BANKS

TARGET 2.C



ENSURE STABLE FOOD COMMODITY MARKETS AND TIMELY ACCESS TO INFORMATION

TARGETS & INDICATORS

[https://sdgs.un.org/goals/goal2#TARGETS AND INDICATORS](https://sdgs.un.org/goals/goal2#TARGETS_AND_INDICATORS)

India Today



This programme is funded by Irish Aid at the Department of Foreign Affairs. Irish Aid is the Government's overseas development programme which supports partners working in some of the world's poorest countries. Irish Aid also supports global citizenship education in Ireland to encourage learning and public engagement with global issues. The content of this communication represents the views of the author only and does not necessarily represent or reflect DFA policy.



SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT GOALS #SDGsketch

17 GOALS TO TRANSFORM OUR WORLD

is a project by @Club17Africa <http://club17africa.org> in collaboration with @xLontrax and @DrMinaOgbanga

GOAL 2: End hunger, achieve food security and improved nutrition and promote sustainable agriculture

Food for EVERYONE all year long

STOP MALNUTRITION

Rural Infrastructures

More INVESTMENTS & INTERNATIONAL COOPERATION

Agricultural Research

FAIR WORLD AGRICULTURAL MARKET

Correct and Prevent trade restriction and distortion

Proper Functioning of Food commodity markets

Access to food markets INFORMATION

SUSTAINABLE PRODUCTION SYSTEM

LIMIT EXTREME FOOD PRICE VOLATILITY

BY 2030 DOUBLE agriculture productivity & INCOME of small-scale FOOD PRODUCER

By 2020 MAINTAIN GENETIC DIVERSITY of SEEDS

Sketchnote by @xLontrax 2016 see more on #Club17Africa CC BY

info: <https://sustainabledevelopment.un.org/sdg2>

Ireland's key food and nutrition priorities focus on:

- *Long-term chronic hunger*
- *Causes of undernutrition*
- *The role of gender equality for food systems transformation*

€230 million
Ireland's investment in long-term
food, agriculture and nutrition
programmes in 2023

735 million
Estimated number of people who
faced hunger in 2022

Mauro xLontrax Toselli



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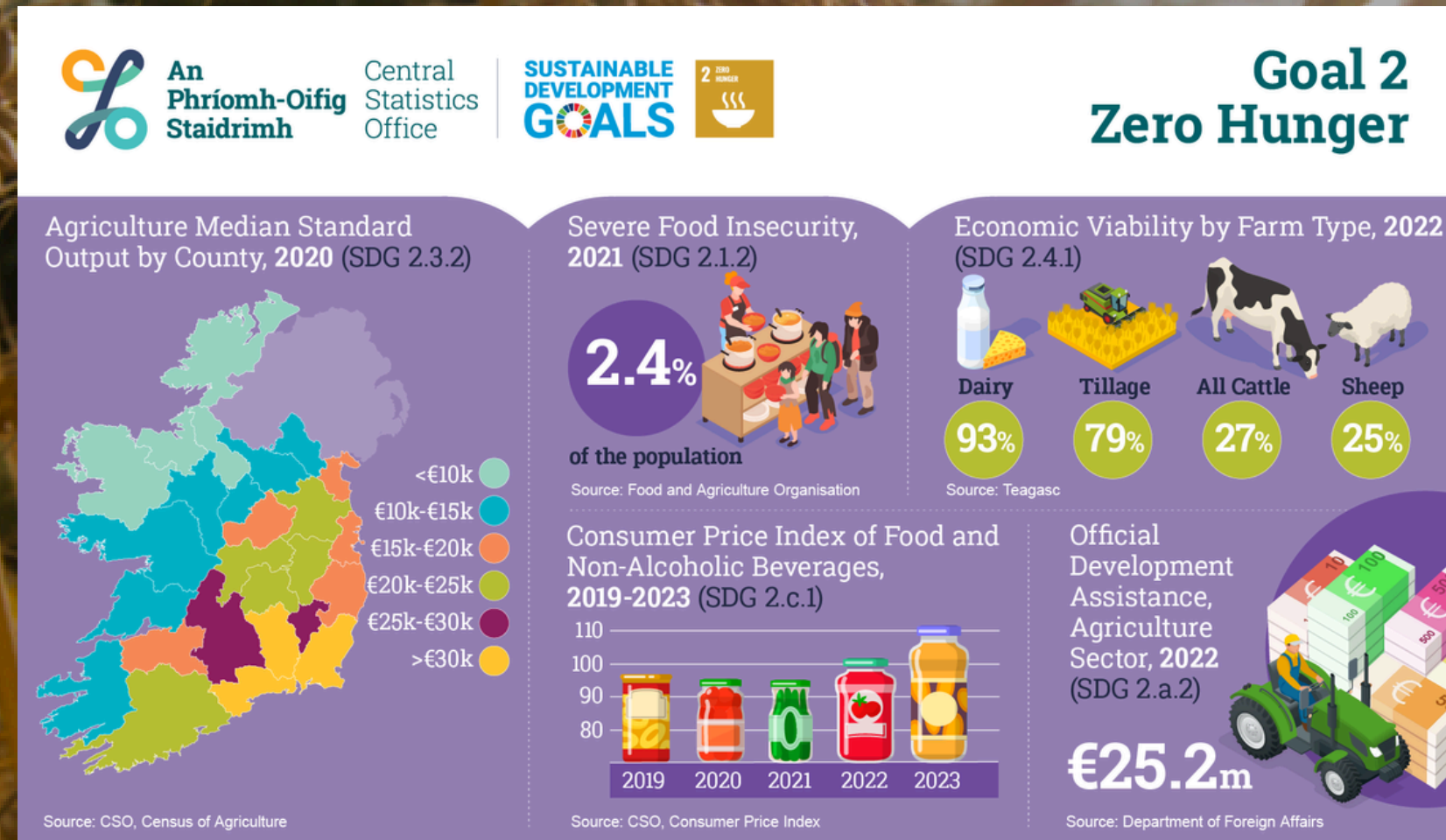


Sustainable Development Goal 2

‘Constructing a Food Poverty Indicator for Ireland using the Survey on Income and Living Conditions’.

11.3% of one parent families and 2.9% of two parent families were unable to afford a roast once a week

19% of children reported going to school or to bed hungry because there was not enough food at home



8.9% of the population experienced food poverty in 2021

6.2% of the population experiencing severe food deprivation

4.5% of one parent families and 0.5% of two parent families were unable to afford a meal with meat, chicken or fish every second day.

End hunger, achieve food security and improved nutrition and promote sustainable agriculture

Barnardos-Food-Poverty-Report 2023

Facts and Figures National Level

CSO SDG 2



IN 2023, ABOUT 733 MILLION PEOPLE FACED HUNGER, AND 2.33 BILLION PEOPLE EXPERIENCED MODERATE TO SEVERE FOOD INSECURITY

IF CURRENT TRENDS PERSIST, ONE IN FIVE CHILDREN UNDER AGE 5 WILL BE AFFECTED BY STUNTING IN 2030.

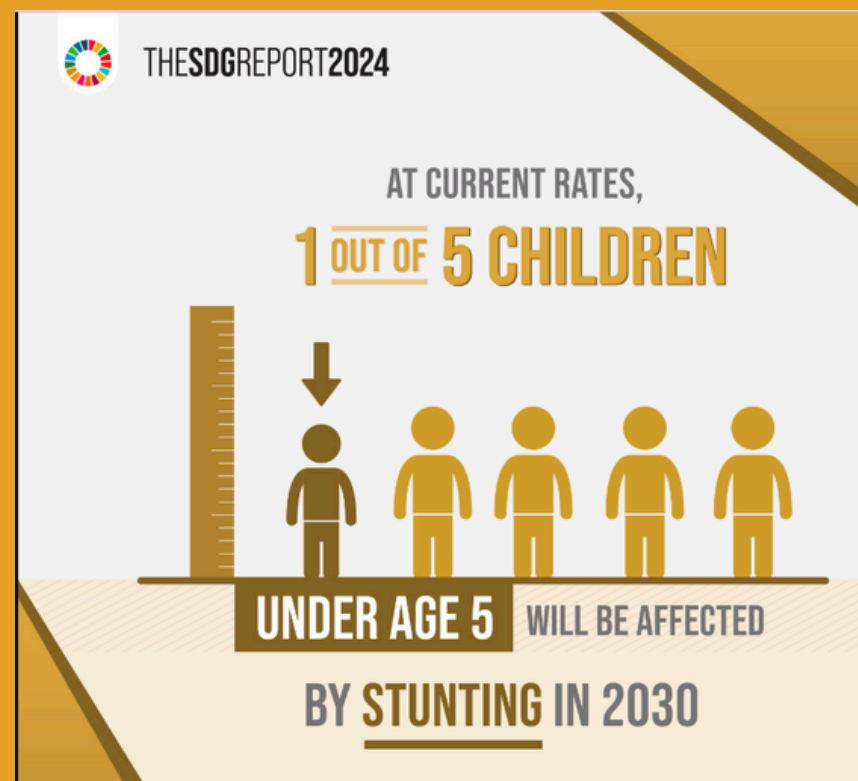
NEARLY 60 PER CENT OF COUNTRIES FACED MODERATELY TO ABNORMALLY HIGH FOOD PRICES IN 2022

SDG 2

<https://sdgs.un.org/goals/goal2>



Facts and Figures Globally



SMALL-SCALE FOOD PRODUCERS ARE VITAL IN FIGHTING HUNGER BUT EARN LESS THAN HALF THE INCOME OF LARGER-SCALE OPERATIONS.

IN 95 PER CENT OF COUNTRIES WITH AVAILABLE DATA, THE AVERAGE ANNUAL INCOME OF SMALL-SCALE PRODUCERS IS LESS THAN HALF THAT OF LARGER-SCALE PRODUCERS

TO ACHIEVE GOAL 2, SIGNIFICANT EFFORTS ARE NEEDED TO MITIGATE THE IMPACTS OF CLIMATE CHANGE, CONFLICT AND ECONOMIC CRISIS



END HUNGER, ACHIEVE FOOD SECURITY AND IMPROVED NUTRITION AND PROMOTE SUSTAINABLE AGRICULTURE



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Everything you need to know about World Food Day

First celebrated in 1979, World Food Day takes place annually on October 16 and promotes awareness of hunger and action for the future of food, people, and the planet.

UN SDG 2

<https://sdgs.un.org/goals/goal2>



Concern's annual Global Hunger Index co-published with Welthungerhilfe

An award-winning “report card” for world hunger, the GHI measures hunger based on four key indicators:
Undernourishment, child wasting, child stunting, and child mortality rates.

Global Hunger Index 2024



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Development
Education.ie

62 Resources for SDG 2

Food Vision 2030
A World Leader in
Sustainable Food Systems

Ireland's Food Vision 2030

<https://www.cso.ie/en/releasesandpublications/ep/p-sdg2/irelandsunsdgs-goal2zerohunger2024/overview-irelandsfoodvision2030/>

Global pattern in hunger and
educational opportunity:

a multilevel analysis of child hunger and TIMSS
mathematics achievement

<https://pmc.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/articles/PMC10088579/>



SDG Knowledge Hub

End hunger, achieve food
security and improved
nutrition, and promote
sustainable agriculture

<https://sdg.iisd.org/sdgs/goal-2-zero-hunger/>

SDG 2 Embedding GCE in ACE



Resources

Stunting:

What it is and what it means

<https://www.concern.net/news/what-is-stunting>

SDG 2: Explaining Zero Hunger

SDG 2: Academic insights into zero hunger

[https://www.youtube.com/watch?](https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Af_Zj0iiqYc)

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SDG 2

Zero Hunger

Slection of
Stakeholders



Report on Food Day

<https://sdg.iisd.org/news/food-day-explores-food-security-biodiversity-links/>
(Connecting SDG 2,14,15 and 17)

*Food Day Explores Food Security, Biodiversity
Links*



STORY HIGHLIGHTS

- > FAO launched its Agri-NBSAP Support Initiative to help countries integrate agri-food systems into NBSAPs in a more systematic way.
- > Agri-food systems transformation is needed to address biodiversity loss and promote socio-environmental justice.
- > Countries provided examples that demonstrated engagement with multi-sector stakeholders at various governance levels, highlighting a whole-of-society, whole-of-government approach to integrating biodiversity conservation into agri-food sectors.

SDG 2

Bonus Material



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